

The Hongkong Telegraph.

No. 3125

THURSDAY, APRIL 21, 1892.

SIX DOLLARS PER QUARTER

Banks.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF CHINA, LIMITED.

Authorised Capital.....£1,000,000
Subscribed Capital.....£500,000

HEAD OFFICE—HONGKONG.

Court of Directors—
D. Gillies, Esq., Chairman,
Chen Kit Shan, Esq.,
C. J. Hirst, Esq.,
Chow Tung Shing, Esq.,
W. Wotton, Esq.,
Kwan Hoi Chuen, Esq.,

Chief Manager,
GEO. W. F. PLAYFAIR.

ADVISORY COMMITTEE IN
LONDON:—

THOMAS CARMICHAEL, Esq.—Messrs. Dent,
Palmer & Co.,
JOHN BUTTERY, Esq.—Messrs. John Buttery &
Co.,
C. B. STUART-WORTLEY, Esq., M.P., for Halifax.
GEO. MUNRO, Manager.

Bankers:—

London: The Alliance Bank (Ld.)
Scotland: The Commercial Bank of Scotland.

SHANGHAI:

C. J. GALLOWAY, Manager.

Amoy—J. ANDERSON, Manager.

Yokohama—D. FRASER, Manager.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened. Money
received on Deposit. Drafts issued. Bills
purchased and collected. Advances made on
Securities or goods in neutral Godowns. Usual
Bank Agency business undertaken.

Interest for 12 months Fixed, 5 per Cent.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS.

For Rates of Interest for other periods apply
to the Manager.

Hongkong, 17th February, 1892. [8]

THE NEW ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL.....£2,000,000.
PAID-UP CAPITAL.....£500,000

LONDON:

Head Office.....40, Threadneedle Street,
West End Office.....25, Cockspur Street.

BRANCHES IN INDIA, CHINA, JAPAN
AND THE COLONIES.

THE BANK receives MONEY on DEPOSIT,
Buys and Sells BILLS of EXCHANGE,
Issues LETTERS of CREDIT, forwards BILLS for
COLLECTION, and Transacts Banking and
Agency Business generally, on terms to be had
on application.

E. W. RUTTER,
Manager. [7]

To be Let.

TO LET.

FROM 1ST APRIL.

"STILLINGFLEET."

FIVE ROOMED detached HOUSE on Peak
Road near the Albany.

Apply to
THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT
& AGENCY CO., LD.

Hongkong, 5th March, 1892. [285]

TO LET.

FIRST FLOOR, No. 64, QUEEN'S ROAD
CENTRAL, suitable for OFFICES.

Apply to
Messrs. G. FALCONER & Co.,

LAI HING & Co.,
No. 151, Queen's Road Central,
Hongkong, 22nd March, 1892. [347]

TO LET.

NO. 18, HOLLYWOOD ROAD.

"TUSCULUM" MAGAZINE-GAP.

No. 2 & 10, SEYMOUR TERRACE.

No. 3, PEDDER'S HILL.

Apply to
DAVID SASSOON, SONS & Co.,
Hongkong, 4th April, 1892. [132]

THE KOWLOON LAND AND BUILDING COMPANY, LIMITED.

TO LET.

NOS. 6, 12, & 14, KNUTSFORD TER-
RACE, KOWLOON.

Apply to
THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT
& AGENCY CO., LD.

Hongkong, 21st March, 1892. [345]

TO LET.

POSSESSION FROM 1ST MAY.

"HILLSIDE," at the PEAK, now in the
occupation of G. STEWART, Esq.,
No. 12, CAINE ROAD, 8-roomed House,
now in the occupation of F. W. WATTS, Esq.,
WEST END TERRACE, 4-roomed House
(Bonham Road). Rent moderate.

Apply to
SPANISH PROCURATION.

Hongkong, 19th April, 1892. [140]

Notices of Firms.

NOTICE.

THE style of the Firm of POATE & NOBLE,
—DRAWING SURVEYORS, has been changed to
"Dr. J. W. NOBLE," and will be represented as
under:

JOSEPH W. NOBLE, Hongkong and
HERBERT D. REGUA, Shanghai.

CHAS. L. SNYDER, 31, Brook Street,
Gray's Inn, London, W.

HERBERT POATE, Hongkong, 27th February, 1892. [140]

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

THE Office of the undersigned will be
removed to No. 35, WELLINGTON
STREET, on the 1st of May, 1892.

A. R. MARTY, Dodwell Street,
Hongkong, 11th April, 1892. [140]

Insurance.

THE STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY ESTABLISHED 1825.

INVESTED FUNDS.....£7,000,000 Stg.
ANNUAL INCOME.....£900,000 Stg.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS, SHANGHAI:

AUGUSTUS WHITE, Esq.,
F. H. BELL, Esq.,
JAMES L. SCOTT, Esq.,
NEIL MACLEOD, Esq., M.D., Medical Officer.

W. T. PHIPPS, Esq., Chief Agent.

AGENCIES:

Amoy—Messrs. Brown & Co.
Canton—Messrs. Rowe & Co.
Cebu—Messrs. Corns & Co.

Fochoo—Messrs. Phipps & Phipps & Co.
Hankow—Messrs. W. Forbes Sharp & Co.
Kobe—Messrs. Brown & Co.

Nagasaki—China & Japan Trading Co., Ltd.
Newchwang—Messrs. Bandinel & Co.

Shanghai—Gustav Kuitman, Esq.,
Peking—Dr. Dugdon, Medical Officer.

Sourabaya—Messrs. Bradley & Co.
Tientsin—Messrs. Wilson & Co.

Yokohama—Messrs. Fraser, Farley & Co.

The Standard is an old and wealthy Scottish
Office, well-known throughout India and the
East, and has acquired a marked character for
sound and liberal management.

DODWELL, CARLILL & Co.,
Agents, Hongkong,
Standard Life Office.

932-5

SOUTH BRITISH FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW ZEALAND.

THE Undersigned are prepared to accept
FIRE and MARINE INSURANCES on
favourable terms.

Current rates, and a guaranteed Bonus equal
to that paid by the local Offices.

GEO. R. STEVENS & Co.,
Agents.

No. 2, Queen's Road, Hongkong.
Hongkong, 2nd April, 1892. [330]

THE SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA.

ASSETS OVER \$1,000,000.00.

Policies absolutely non-forfeitable.
No restrictions as to Residence or Travelling.

Rates of premium low.

Policies issued on all approved Forms.

For further particulars apply to
DOUGLAS LARRAIK & Co.,
Agents for Hongkong.

23rd February, 1892. [240]

NOTICE.

THE MAN ON INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED.....\$1,000,000

The above Company is prepared to accept
MARINE RISKS at CURRENT RATES on GOODS,
&c. Policies granted to all Parts of the world
payable at any of its Agencies.

WOO LIN YUEN,
Secretary.

HEAD OFFICE:
No. 7, QUEEN'S ROAD, W. 1892.

GENERAL NOTICE.

THE ON TAI INSURANCE COMPANY,
(LIMITED).

CAPITAL, TAELS 600,000, \$833,333.33.
EQUAL TO.....\$833,333.33.
RESERVE FUND.....\$318,000.00

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

LEE SING, Esq., LO YUEK MOON, Esq.,
LOU TAO SHUN, Esq.

MANAGER—HO AMEL.

MARINE RISKS on GOODS, &c. taken
at CURRENT RATES to all parts of the
world.

HEAD OFFICE, 2 & 4, PRAYA WEST,
Hongkong, 17th December, 1891. [1178]

A. S. WATSON & CO., LIMITED.

ISSUE OF 10,000 NEW SHARES OF
\$10 EACH.

PURSUANT to Resolution, the GENERAL
MANAGER of A. S. WATSON & CO.,
LIMITED, hereby invites applications from the
SHAREHOLDERS of the Company for the ISSUE
of 10,000 NEW SHARES of \$10 each at a
Premium of 50 per cent. or \$15 a Share.

Each Registered Shareholder on the 1st day
of May next applying for the New Issue will
be entitled to One Share for every Five Shares
registered in his name. Shares remaining un-
allotted in respect of incomplete numbers of
Five Shares and Shares not applied for by those
entitled to apply, will be allotted among the
General Managers and the Company's staff.

Applications for Shares in the New Issue will
be received by the Hongkong and Shanghai
Banking Corporation in Hongkong from the 1st
to the 4th of June next, both days inclusive, and
the whole amount applied for will be payable on
application.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will
be CLOSED from the 1st to the 4th day of
June next, both days inclusive.

The present paid up Capital of the Company
is \$100,000 divided into 10,000 Shares of \$10
each, and the New Issue is required to increase
the Capital of the Company to \$200,000 divided
into 20,000 Shares of \$10 each.

Part of the premium received from the New
Issue will be devoted to increasing the Permanent
Reserve Fund to the sum of \$150,000, and the
remainder will be placed to the credit of the
Reserve Fund for the Equalization of Divi-

dends.

The last Dividend paid by the Company was
on the 1st November, 1891, being an Interim
Dividend at the rate of 14 per cent. per annum
on account of that year, and the Final Dividend
for 1891 will be payable in May, 1892.

The New Issue will rank for the Interim Dividend
to be declared in November next on account of
1892.

Forms of application for the New Issue can be
obtained at the Company's Offices over the
Hongkong Dispensary or at the HONGKONG
AND SHANGHAI BANK.

By Order,
A. H. MANCILL,
Secretary. [405]

Hongkong, 7th April, 1892.

Entertainments.

THE HONGKONG HOTEL.

TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS, "Kremlin"—A. B. C. Code.—TELEPHONE, No. 32.

PROPRIETORS.....THE HONGKONG HOTEL COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE HONGKONG HOTEL—the most commodious and best appointed Hotel in the Far East,
affords unequalled accommodation to travellers and others. It is situated in the centre of
the town, opposite the General Post Office and the Hongkong Club, adjacent to Pedder's Wharf
(the principal landing stage of the Colony) and in close proximity to the Banks and Shipping
Offices.

THE HOTEL STEAM LAUNCH conveys passengers and baggage to and from all Mail Steamers.
THE TABLE D'HOTE, at separate tables, is supplied with every delicacy, the *cuisine* being
under expert French supervision.

THE BED-ROOMS, with adjoining Bath-rooms, are lofty and well ventilated, open on to
spacious Verandahs, are lighted by gas and fitted throughout with electric communications.

The Reading, Writing and Smoking Rooms, Ladies' Drawing Rooms, the new Bar and public
BILLIARD ROOMS (Six English and American Tables) are fitted with every convenience.

A handsomely appointed GRILL ROOM, where chops, steaks, &c., are served at any hour
adjacent the Hotel, and is under the same Management.

THE WINES & SPIRITS are selected by an Expert and the BEST BRANDS only are supplied.

HYDRAULIC ASCENDING ROOMS of the latest and most approved type convey passengers
and baggage from the Entrance Hall to each of the five floors above.

NIGHT PORTERS and WATCHMEN are continually on duty.

R. TUCKER,
Manager. [108]

Hongkong, 12th February, 1892.

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

FOR SALE.

HOUSE LAMPS, STREET LAMPS,
VERANDAH LAMPS, SHIPS' LAMPS,
CHANDLERS' LAMPS, &c. &c.

Single and Double BRACKET LAMPS,
TABLE LAMPS, READING LAMPS, BEDROOM & NURSERY LAMPS,
WINDPROOF LAMPS, SAFETY LAMPS,
SHIPS' SALOON, CABIN, ENGINE ROOM and BULKHEAD LAMPS,
SPECIAL CARGO LAMPS,
CHAIR LAMPS, CARRIAGE and JINRICKSHA LAMPS, HAND LAMPS and LANTERNS,
GLOBES, CHIMNEYS, WICKS, SPARE BURNERS, FOUNTAINS, &c.

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.,
27th February, 1892. [129]

CARMICHAEL & CO., LTD.

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS—TOBACCO AND CIGAR IMPORTERS.

AERATED WATER MANUFACTURERS.

SHIP CHANDLERS AND GENERAL STOREKEEPERS.

GENTLEMEN'S OUTFITTING, select but inexpensive variety.

SPORTING GUNS, RIFLES, REVOLVERS and AMMUNITION.

PORPOISE-HIDE DARK TAN RUSSIA-LEATHER & ENGLISH-CALF BOOTS & SHOES.

SCIENTIFIC BOOKS, NAUTICAL, ELECTRICAL and ENGINEERING.

SCIENTIFIC INSTRUMENTS, HAND-TOOLS and DRAWING INSTRUMENTS.

CARMICHAEL & CO. LTD.
18, Praya Central, Hongkong. [142]

CRUICKSHANK & CO., LD.,

TAKARADZUKA NATURAL MINERAL WATER.

KING OF TABLE WATERS.

(Charged with Natural Gas.)

"TAKARADZUKA" is prescribed by the most eminent medical men of the day as a water
which although *NOT MEDICINAL* in the common acceptance of the term, will keep
the functions of the body in healthy action, invigorate the system, and by promoting the Alka-

linity of the blood PREVENT THE DEPOSITION OF URIC ACID AND THE CONSE-
QUENT INROADS OF GOUT, RHEUMATISM AND INDIGESTION.

TAKARADZUKA NATURAL MEDICINAL WATER.

This NATURAL MEDICINAL WATER besides being *APERIENT* also contains a
large proportion of FERRUGINOUS SALTS, which property commends its use in warm
climates before Hanyudai Janos and other mineral laxatives.

As an *APERIENT*—One third of a bottle to a dose.

Bottled at "TAKARADZUKA" near Kobe, Japan.

Takaradzu Medical Water, price \$5.50 per case of 50 pints.
\$7.50 " " " "

Sole Proprietors:—J. CLIFFORD WILKINSON, Higo, Japan.

CRUICKSHANK & Co., LD., Sole Agents for Hongkong.

Hongkong, 21st April, 1892. [110]

KELLY & WALSH, LD.

CHEAP SERIES OF USEFUL BOOKS.

Round Games with Cards.....40 cents.
Whist by Dr. W. Pole.....40 "

Reverse and Gobang.....40 "

Chess by R. F. Green.....40 "

Draughts and Backgammon.....40 "

Solo Whist by R. F. Green.....40 "

Piquet and Rubicon Piquet.....40 "

Belouze and Cribbage.....40 "

Dominoes and Solitaire.....40 "

Can't and Euchre.....40 "

Billiards by General Druke.....40 "

The Two More Chess Problems.....40 "

Skat by L. V. Diehl.....40 "

Baseball by Newton Crane.....40 cents.
Riding for Ladies.....40 "

Rugby Football by Harry Vassall.....40 "

Golf by W. T. Linzell.....40 "

Broadsword and Singlestick.....40 "

Cricket by Hon. E. Lytton.....40 "

Tennis, Rackets and Fives.....40 "

Skating by Douglas Adams.....40 "

Rowing and Sculling.....40 "

The Modern Hoyle.....40 "

Book of Quotations.....40 "

Book of Quotations.....40 "

Flags of all Nations.....40 "

Sole Agents for Salter's Celebrated Black Gut Tennis Bats.

Salter's all BUCK RED RUBBER SHOES.

Ladies & Gentlemen's TENNIS SHOES.

Champion BOXING GLOVES.

KELLY & WALSH, LIMITED,
QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, HONGKONG. [16]

Hongkong, 9th April, 1892.

W. POWELL & CO.

LADIES, GENTLEMEN'S AND CHILDREN'S.
SUMMER HOISERY.

VESTS, STOCKINGS, SOCKS, &c., &c.

SILK, COTTON, LISLE THREAD, BALBRIGGAN,
INDIA GAUZE, CASHMERE.

W. POWELL & CO.
HONGKONG, 9th April, 1892. [15]

Entertainments.

HONGKONG RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

THE LONG RANGE Subscription CUP and
SPOONS will be Shot for on SATUR-
DAY NEXT, at 2.45 p.m.

ED. ROBINSON,
Hon. Secretary.

Hongkong, 20th April, 1892. [140]

WANTED.

BY a MECHANICAL ENGINEER a situa-
tion—not sea-going. Aged 30, and a
good Draughtsman. University education; at
present in Government employ.

Address,
c/o. "Hongkong Telegraph" Office,
Hongkong, 14th April, 1892. [143]

LOST.

A Harrold's Circus last night, a Silver-
mounted BAMBOO CANE.

The finder will be rewarded, if necessary, by
returning it to

"X. Y. Z."
c/o. The "Hongkong Telegraph" Office,
Hongkong, 12th April, 1892.

THE CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

DURING my temporary absence from the
Colony, Mr. GEORGE LOMER
TOMLIN, is appointed Acting Secretary.

By Order of the Board,
JAS. D. COUGHTRY,
Secretary.

Hongkong, 16th April, 1892. [1434]

HUMPHREYS ESTATE AND FINANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that an EXTRA-
ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of
SHAREHOLDERS of the above Company,
will be held at the Registered Office of the
Company, 38 & 40, Queen's Road Central, on
THURSDAY, the 15th day of May next, at
THREE, for the purpose of confirming the follow-
ing Special Resolution passed at an Extra-
ordinary General Meeting, held on the 19th
April, viz:—

"That the 10,000 Shares of \$100 each, into
which the Capital of the Company is now
divided, be subdivided into 100,000 Shares
of \$10 each."

By Order,
HENRY HUMPHREYS,
Secretary.

Hongkong, 20th April, 1892. [1445]

NOTICE.

THE Steamship "KWONG MO"

(Chinese name "NANKING")

Intimations.

DAKIN BROS. OF CHINA,
LIMITED.

CHEMISTS

AND

AERATED WATER
MANUFACTURERS.THE Factory is fitted with a Steam Plant of
the most improved type, equal to that of a first
class English concern.

MANUFACTURED DAILY—

SODA WATER in Bombay Sided Bottles,

LEMONADE,

TONIC WATER,

GINGER ALE, Belfast flavour,

SARSAPARILLA,

PHOSPHOZONE,

LEMON SQUASH.

Nos. 22 & 24, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LD.

WINES AND SPIRITS.

WE invite attention to the following Brands,
all of which are excellent quality and
good value for the money.The same being specially selected by our
London House, and bought direct from the most
noted Shippers, are imported in wood and bottled
by ourselves, thus enabling us to supply the best
growths at moderate prices.In ordering is only necessary to state the
name and quantity of Wine or Spirit wanted,
and initial letter for quality desired.

PORTS. (For Invalids and general use.)

	Per doz.	Per Case.	Per Bot.
A. Alto Douro, good quality, Green Capsule	10	100	1.00
B. Vintage, superior quality, Red Capsule	12	110	1.10
C. Fine Old Vintage, superior quality, Black Seal Cap- sule	14	125	1.25
D. Very Fine Old Vintage, extra superior, Violet Capsule (Old Bottled)	18	150	1.50

CLARETS.

	Per doz.	Per Case.	Per Bot.
A. Superior Breakfast Claret, Red Capsule	4	40	4.00
B. St. Estephe, Red Capsule	450	500	5.00
C. St. Julien, Red Capsule	7	750	7.50
D. La Rose, Red Capsule	11	1200	12.00

MADEIRA, HOCK AND CHAMPAGNES.

FULL PARTICULARS OF THE VARIOUS BRANDS
IN STOCK ON APPLICATION.

	Per doz.	Per Case.	Per Bot.
--	----------	-----------	----------

BRANDY.

	Per doz.	Per Case.	Per Bot.
A. Hennessy's Old Pale, Red Capsule	13	130	1.30
B. Superior Very Old Cognac, Red Capsule	15	140	1.40
C. Very Old Liqueur Cognac, Red Capsule	20	175	1.75
D. Hennessy's Finest Very Old Liqueur Cognac, 1875 Vintage, Red Capsule	30	250	2.50

SCOTCH WHISKY.

	Per doz.	Per Case.	Per Bot.
A. Thorne's Blend, White Cap- sule	8	80	0.75
B. Watson's Glenlivet, White Blend, Blue Capsule with Name and Trade Mark	8	80	0.75
C. Watson's Glenlivet, White Blend, Red Capsule with Name and Trade Mark	8	80	0.75
D. Watson's H. K. D. Blend of the Finest Scotch Malt Whiskies, Violet Capsule	10	100	1.00
E. Watson's Very Old Liqueur Cognac, Gold Capsule	12	120	1.20

IRISH WHISKY.

	Per doz.	Per Case.	Per Bot.
A. John Jameson's Old, Green Capsule	8	80	0.75
B. John Jameson's Fine Old, Green Capsule	10	100	1.00
C. John Jameson's Very Fine Old, Green Capsule	12	120	1.20
D. Genuine Bourbon Whisky, fine old, Red Capsule, with Name	10	100	1.00

GIN.

	Per doz.	Per Case.	Per Bot.
A. Fine Old Tom, White Cap- sule	450	500	5.00
B. Fine Unweathered, White Capsule	450	500	5.00
C. Fine A. V. H. Geneva	525	525	5.25

RUM.

	Per doz.	Per Case.	Per Bot.
Finest Old Jamaica, Violet Capsule	12	120	1.20
Good Leeward Island, \$1.50 per Gallon.			

LIQUEURS.

	Per doz.	Per Case.	Per Bot.
Benedictine, Maraschino, Cognac, Herling's Cherry Cordial, Chartreuse, Dr. Slegers' Angostura, Bitters, &c.			

PRICES ON APPLICATION.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LD.

THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY.

HONGKONG, 4th February, 1892.

For Sale.

NOW READY.



[PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.]

"THE HONGKONG DIRECTORY AND
HONG LIST FOR THE FAR EAST"
FOR 1892.THIS Valuable Work, with many NEW
ADDITIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS,
IS NOW READY.

PRICE THREE DOLLARS.

Orders for Copies of "THE HONGKONG
DIRECTORY" may be sent to the following
Agents:

HONGKONG... Mr. W. Brewer.

"... Messrs. F. Blackhead & Co.

"... Messrs. Heumann, Herbst & Co.

"... Messrs. Kelly & Walsh, Limited.

"... Messrs. Lane, Crawford & Co.

"... The Hongkong Trading Co., Ltd.

"... Man Yu Tong, Hollywood Road.

MACAO... Messrs. A. A. de Mello & Co., Ltd.

"... AMOY and... Messrs. N. Moale & Co., Ltd.

"... FORMOSA... Mr. H. W. Churchill.

SHANGHAI... Messrs. Kelly & Walsh, Limited.

"... NORTH... Messrs. Kelly & Walsh, Limited.

"... SOUTH... Messrs. Kelly & Walsh, Limited.

"... YOKOHAMA... Messrs. Kelly & Walsh, Limited.

"... SINGAPORE... Messrs. Kelly & Walsh, Limited.

"... PARIS and... Messrs. Kelly & Walsh, Limited.

"... LONDON... Messrs. Kelly & Walsh, Limited.

"... THE HONGKONG TELEGRAPH" Office.

"... Hongkong, January 23rd, 1892.

NOTICES TO CORRESPONDENTS.

It is requested that all communications relating to Subscriptions,
Advertisements, &c., be addressed to the "Manager, Hongkong
Telegraph," and not to the Editor.Letters on Editorial matters to be sent to "The Editor" and
not to individual members of the staff.Communications intended for publication must be accompanied
by the name and address of the writer, not necessarily for
publication, but as evidence of good faith.While the columns of the Hongkong Telegraph will always
be open for the fair discussion by correspondents of all questions
affecting public interests, it must be distinctly understood that
the Editor does not in any way hold himself responsible for
opinions thus expressed.

TO ADVERTISERS.

Advertisers are requested to forward all notices intended for
publication, not later than Three o'clock in the afternoon, so
as to insure the early publication of the paper.Advertisements and Subscriptions which are not ordered for a
fixed period will be continued until discontinued.The Hongkong Telegraph has the largest circulation of any
English newspaper published in the Far East, and is therefore the
best medium for Advertisements. Terms can be learnt on application
to the Hongkong Telegraph, or to the Telephone Central
Exchange, No. 1.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

The Hongkong Telegraph is published daily at 5 p.m. except
Sundays and public holidays. Subscribers in the central districts who do not receive their
copies before 6 p.m. will oblige by at once communicating with the
Manager.Subscribers to the Hongkong Telegraph are respectfully
requested that all Subscriptions are payable in advance.

The Hongkong Telegraph.

HONGKONG, THURSDAY, APRIL 21, 1892.

TELEGRAMS.

ITALY AND GERMANY.

LONDON, April 19th.

The King and Queen of Italy will visit Berlin
in June.

OUR NEW REGIMENT.

The new Regiment of Indian troops for Hong-
kong left Bombay yesterday.

(Special to Hongkong Telegraph.)

NOTING IN MACAO.

MACAO, April 21st.

2.25 p.m.

There is great mobbing at the Chinese
Hospital, and rioting is going on in the Bazaar,
where one house is on fire.

3.6 p.m.

All is now quiet.

Last night on arriving at Macao the Hong-
kong cargo had to be discharged by a chain-
gang from the gaoi, who were closely guarded
by troops. Not a soul could be found willing
to work cargo, and as large and angry crowds
of Chinese gathered in the vicinity of the Wharf,
the authorities were doubtless right in taking
precautions against an attack on those who were
forced to carry to the Government store-house
the provisions which had been ordered from
Hongkong owing to the refusal of Chinese shop-
keepers to sell anything to Portuguese. Prior
to the arrival of the Hongkong cargo, 200 marines
and blue-jackets from the Portuguese gunboats
in port had been landed, and in some instances
were set to work to force open the Chinese shops.
This they did in one street, but as soon as they
turned the corner to pull down the shutters in
the adjoining thoroughfare, the Chinese put up
their shutters again. There is much mobbing at
all Portuguese passers-by. There is a unusually
large number of Chinese "roughs" in the town
at present, who are said to be doing their best to
sift the masses up to riot. A number of arrests
have been made.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

WOODYEAR'S Circus opened in Amoy last
Monday night.THE Diamante, Capt. Gerard, arrived at Koba
on the 14th inst. all well.THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s steamer Taitai left
Singapore for this port at 6 p.m. yesterday.The P. & O. S. N. Co.'s report is published elsewhere
in this issue. It's a beauty, and the statement
of Accounts 'gives one better'.THE Ningbo, Captain Christian, is underlined
to make her maiden trip to Macao to-morrow,
leaving West Point wharf at 8 a.m.We are requested to state that there will be no
performance of Harman's circus to-night as
the troops have packed up their traps and will
leave for Shanghai to-morrow in the Glenelg,
where such a valuable company should simply
cost money and nothing.This summer current in shipping circles, that the
P. & O. steamer Adam was in collision with a
junk four days ago while en route to Hongkong
from Shanghai lacks confirmation. If she was
in contact with a junk, or whale, or a water-
spout, or junk's ghost, she has not been much
damaged at any rate.THE Band 1st Shropshire L.I. will play on the
square at the back of the Barracks on Friday, the
22nd April, instead of on Saturday, the 23rd,
owing to other engagements.The fire enquiry held by Mr. Wodehouse, in
consequence of the burning of house No. 104,
Queen's Road Central, last week, was concluded
to-day. No further evidence of any importance
was adduced, and the premises were released
from supervision.We learn from the Japan Herald that accord-
ing to the latest returns, the total number of
houses consumed by the fire at Kanda was 4,055,
partially burnt and damaged 100, stone houses
burnt 20, and stone (and stone) 45, electric
light poles burnt 132, persons burnt to death 33,
and crushed to death 1, while 19 men were in-
jured.One of the latest things in ladies' dresses is a
glove which has a small mirror fitted in the
palm of the hand—the left hand, of course, to
avoid any contrivance with vigorous shakers.
Armed with this the wearer can without dis-
covery hold the mirror up to nature—or rather
to art, and see that her complexion has not
come off, and that her bonnet is straight.The other day the Boston people asked Miss
Medley to give them a relation in Polish.
They have since learned that what the great
Polish actress did was to repeat the numbers 1
to 250 in that soft and gentle language. The fact
of their having been taken in casts an aspersions
on Bostonian omniscience, and the inhabitants
of the "Hub" are proportionately annoyed.In Melbourne the other day a man was arrested
in a hideous state of alcoholism and remanded
for three days for "medical treatment." At the
end of that, if he came up again and entered
a powerful protest in court. He said that he
had got no medical treatment—some coarse
policemen had pumped water on him and given
him a big spoonful of salts and that was all.In reproducing in our issue of yesterday a con-
densed report of the general meeting of the
Sundank Tobacco Co. held in London on
March 10th, we omitted to state that the local
agents of that company concern are Messrs.
Butterfield & Swire. It is further stated that
something like one thousand shares of the Com-
pany are held in Hongkong. We hereby offer
our condolences to the holders, and that is all
they are ever likely to get for the money they
have thrown away. The proceedings to be taken
against the Directors will be watched with
special interest in Hongkong and throughout
the Far East.The maritime interests of this country, says the
N. Y. Maritime Register, are singularly lacking
in cohesion. They are too local. The several
shipping and shipbuilding districts might be
as much apart as if each were situated in a
foreign land. It is true that our National ship-
ping laws govern all, but there is no combination
of interests to secure needed changes. In these
laws, no coming together for mutual support
and advantage, no recognition of the fact that
shipping is a national industry and that sectional-
ism is to it a kind of dry rot. The shipping
interest should be a united one.Says the San Francisco Chronicle:—The ques-
tion that threatens to become the burning one
in the near future is that of immigration. The
people are rapidly awaking to the fact that the
strain of attempting to find employment for our
great natural accretions of population is about
as much as the nation can bear, and that we
must go to an indefinitely absorbing a half million
foreigners annually without reducing our coun-
try to a mere water waste. Near to the ques-
tion to the same labor level as the older coun-
tries. The future motto of the United States is bound
to be America for the Americans already here,
and that will embrace the idea of protection
against foreign cheap-labor goods and the
invasion of cheap foreign laborers.As an example of classical English the following
is condensed from the London Standard of 17th
for study and imitation. It is taken literally
from a circular, adorned with fanciful designs of
elephants, peacocks, of various kinds, prize medals,
and suitable inscriptions in alleged English,
Swedish, and Japanese, extolling the virtues of
somebody's safety matches. The legend runs:—
The undersigned choicest first
quality of materials to Manu-
factures of the matches for a
many years, in the rainy time-
or bad weather they are not
lost fire, in China and for-
eign countries, to be in hand
of our matches, and there are
shameless fellow to make our
Trade Mark to cheating of an-
y Persons.Please examine
our Trade Mark.REFERRING to the new United States Minister
to Japan, a Washington telegram dated March
23rd says:—"Senator Stanford and Folger
called upon the President and sent the name of
Frank L. Coombs of Napa, Cal., to the State
Department with the request that if there were
any objections to his appointment as Minister
to Japan they be made known. This is tantamount
to appointment and no doubt the nomi-
nation will be sent to the Senate in a few days.
Mr. Coombs is supported by all the R. publications
of the California delegation." Mr. Frank L.
Coombs was born near Napa in 1850, and is
the son of the late Von Nathaniel Coombs, one
of California's pioneers. His early education
was obtained at McClure's Academy in
Oakland and at the Boston High School, and
he is a graduate of the Columbia Law School,
at Washington, D.C. He was District Attorney
at Napa county for two terms—from 1880 to
1885. He served as speaker of the State
Assembly, and has been mentioned as a Con-
gressional candidate.In Macao, at the present moment, there are
15,000 men in force, and each citizen is supposed
to know and obey all of them, falling which,
says the Sydney Bulletin, there are 15,000 differ-
ent ways of getting run in. The biggest record
for one year in the way of new legislation was
that of 1877, when the Parliament rushed through
120 Bills in one session, and in five other sessions
over a hundred Bills were passed successfully.
Against these, however, there were some years
that were woefully barren. In the first session
of 1861 nothing was passed at all; in the first of
1862 only one Act got through; in the first of 1863
the total was four; and in the two years, 1864-65,
only 17 new laws were enacted altogether. On the
other hand, the Macao Parliament has done some
hearty work at repelling old, medi-
criminally, in 1876 it abolished 35 laws
in one bill; in 1877 it wiped out 24; in
1878 it substituted 118; and in 1879 it got rid
of 100. Still the total time spent in passing
upwards. In 1861 Macao had only six laws
altogether. In 1871 it had 108. By 1861 the
total had gone up to 208. Then it took a start,
and in a year or two there were 247. There were
1197 in 1877, and then the House started to
repel them so fast that it took nine years to get
the number of statutes up to that figure again. But
all is not so gloomy. The House has done some
good work. It has abolished 35 laws, and the
House is all "give and take" law. The
Barracks Government hasn't done much in this
way yet, and unless it wakes up and passes 250
Acts very soon, it will find itself looking
down.The P. M. S. S. Co.'s steamer City of Rio de
Janeiro, with mails, &c., from San Francisco to
the 5th inst., has arrived at Yokohama, and will
leave for this port at 5 p.m. to-morrow.We are indebted to Dr. Dot neck for the information
that it is "very wet." If he had intimated
—no doubt he knew—all this a few days before.
It happened we would propose a vote of thanks
to him.THE Redoubt Amendment Act, whereby, in
more than one Australian province, a prisoner
is now permitted to testify on his own behalf,
applies to cases where he, at inception, pleads
guilty. The reason of this is obvious; he might
wish to offer evidence of extenuating circum-
stances."SHAKESPEARE" old man. It is true that the
B. and S. steamer Jungfrau came in from
Manila to-day, but we don't know whether she is
going to run hot opposition to the Yikang
and Emerald. Any how you needn't chuck
your scrip on the market for it will take B.
and S. all their time to harm the regular Manila
lines.There was quite a furor in the local share
market yesterday, no fewer than one thousand
Imuris shares having (so it was reported) been
sold to some "solvent" Shanghai investors at
\$1.75 per share. The scrip, however, didn't boom
worth a cent locally, and to-day the query of the
unfortunate broker—what price Imuris?—is met
by a sickly smile, and that is all.THE Band of the 1st Shropshire Light Infantry
will play the following programme at the Barrack
Square, to-morrow, commencing at 7.30 p.m.:—
Polka, "The Cornelian" (F. Schubert).
Polka, "The Cornelian" (F. Schubert).
Polka, "The Cornelian" (F. Schubert).
Polka, "The Cornelian" (F. Schubert).
Polka, "The Cornelian" (F. Schubert).
Polka, "The Cornelian" (F. Schubert).
Polka, "The Cornelian" (F. Schubert).
Polka, "The Cornelian" (F. Schubert).
Polka, "The Cornelian" (F. Schubert).
Polka, "The Cornelian" (F. Schubert).At the Magistracy to-day Mr. Wodehouse held
an enquiry into the death of a sampan coolie,
whose body was found on the beach opposite
Communist buildings on Saturday night. The
father of the deceased identified the body, and
stated that he knew of no quarrel or other
circumstance that might have led to a fight. Dr.
Hartigan stated that the head and body were
badly wounded, as with a chopper, and the
wounds had caused death. The enquiry was
adjourned to Wednesday next.As will be seen by an advertisement in another
column, the Peking Government promoted by
Mr. Charles T. Robinson will come off on
Tuesday, the 26th inst., at the Kowloon Hotel.
A capital programme has been prepared, so that
all interested in the "mainly art" are sure of a
capital evening's sport. The prizes, now on
view at Messrs. Kelly and Walsh's, are hand-
some trophies and well worth winning. Ten
entries have been received, all well known
exponents of the game, so that there will be no
lack of rivalry. Full particulars are set out in
the advertisement.THE Pope occasionally makes some rather
sarcastic remarks, and one of them was
delivered at the expense of France the other
day. "France," he declared, with a look of
humor in his eye, "is without exception the most
patriotic country in the world. The palace of
the President of the Republic, the Palais
d'Elisee, bears the name of a paradise in which
the French do not believe. The palace of the
Senate, the Palais du Luxembourg, bears the
name of a city which no longer belongs to
France, while the palace of the Chamber of
Deputies, the Palais Bourbon, possesses the
name of a dynasty that has been banished from
the country."HONGKONG and Shanghai Bank shares continue
steadily on the downward line, and are now
friendless at anything between 100 and 103 per
cent. premium. Rumours of fresh troubles are,
again being whispered with bated breath in the
highways and byways, but hope there may be
nothing in them. Anyhow, it is about time the
Court of Directors were arriving at a slight
sense of their responsibilities and attempting to
do something. If it is only to make an official
statement to show the actual state of affairs,
and thereby remove the prevailing panic. If they
don't hurry up, the Hongkong Telegraph will
probably relieve them of the trouble, as it has
done on several occasions before. It would be
interesting to know how much of the so-called
Reserve Fund of \$6,000,000 remains to-day as a
substantial and realisable asset, covered by
bonds and negotiable securities.THAT (an old story, says the Sydney Bulletin's
very own "Sappho," about a sporting pro-
fessional man down South (since retired) whose
wife went to America with her child, whither
husband promised to follow her sooner or later.
But a lady with a fine figure on horseback won
the freetrade affections of this promising grass-
widower in the interim, and while his wife was
quietly waiting for him in New York he exposed
the new idea and—12 months later—impudently
and recklessly sent a copy of his "marriage"
certificate and that of the birth of a fine olive-
branch to the woman who was waiting for him
"down under." It is just possible that his
wife—though a sensitive woman who would
(ordinarily) rather die than figure in a police-
court on a maintenance hunt—will not be able
to resist the temptation to sue, and after all, there
might be some nice pickings for the lawyers and
the evening press.

THE MACAO DEADLOCK.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MACAO, 20th April, 1892.

As I informed you by wire this morning the
thousand Chinese who have become so full
of themselves, and Macao is more than ever a
veritable city of the dead. To-day the whole of
the Bazaar has been strictly closed to business
and many shopkeepers have gone the length of
taking down their sign-boards. And not only
are the shops shut, but even the stalls at the
street corners, the itinerant hawkers, and
vendors and their coolies have disappeared.
Also, all the carrying coolies employed on the
wharves, the carpenters, masons, painters,
etc., are out on strike, and business of every
kind is completely suspended. A few of the bul-
chers' shops have supplied their customers, but
with closed doors.
After 8 o'clock the Whiting, Fenton, and
Opium-smoking dens were open and guarded by
bodies of armed police, and about noon Mr.
Falconer, the civil administrator, with a detach-
ment of police, proceeded to open a few rice
and general provision shops, all of which were
left under armed guard. The police of rice
and wood, and all kinds of provisions were
dressed up to more than three times the customary
tariff.
Matters looked so serious that detach-
ments of blue-jackets and marines were
landed from the Din and her consort and
patrolled the streets, while the whole of the
available troops in partition were kept under
arms in their respective quarters. A number of the
influential Chinese visited the Governor, and the
high officials were constantly visiting his Resi-
dency, no doubt detailing pending events. Up
to the present time everything has been very
quiet and no attempt at riot or resistance to theauthorities made; but what may be in course
of preparation by the Chinese guilds or by the
Government, no one can yet say, although I firmly
don't like the look of things. The present
position seems to me to be one of those ugly
calms which so frequently precede a storm.It is now reported that the sudden resolu-
tion adopted by the Chinese to close their
shops at once, instead of waiting until May 1st,
—the date on which the Samahua Farm comes
into actual existence—was owing to the circu-
lation of a new clamour through the Chinese
quarter by Inspector-General Barbois, detailing
the conditions under which the new monopoly
had been let, and explaining, for public infor-
mation, the rights of the Farmer. Large numbers
of this proclamation were torn down and thrown
in the gutter by the Chinese, who also sent out
lots of insulting and inciting placards, in which
threats and unlimited abuse were used against
Mr. Barbois. Most of these were seized
by the police and destroyed. There is no
doubt a deep-rooted dislike to this Treasury
official amongst the Chinese; they say he
has been very hard and exacting, but so far
as I know, there is no sound reason for these
complaints. The feeling, however, exists very
strongly and at such a time as this it is most
unfortunate.How long this play—I don't whether to describe
it as a tragedy or comedy—may last is not easy
to say, but what everybody here remarks is
that the strike has been very carefully and
quietly prepared and carried out in an effective
and wholesale way. It is stated that Mr. Pacheco
arrested eight of the strikers in a rice-shop last
night, and this morning a long-robed Celestial,
manager of a pawnshop and reported to be
one of the leaders of the movement, was also
seized. All these prisoners, I learn, were sent
either to St. Paul's or the Monte fort, and the
pawnbroker was placed under strict surveillance
and allowed to see none of his friends except in
the presence of an armed warder of the fort.I have just returned from a stroll through
various parts of the city, and found everything
exceedingly quiet. On the Praya Grande not a
single ricksha or chair was to be seen, so we have
altogether the best use of our legs. The Bazaar
shows no signs of life so far as its usual
residents count, but it is patrolled by about
ten scores of blue-jackets, all armed to the
teeth. I had almost forgotten to mention
that this morning the usual bookstalls and
vegetables from the country did not arrive, and
as regards fresh fish, not a single one, not so
much as a shrimp was to

ports was to-day ordered into quarantine, after having on board forty-four cases of yellow fever.

LONDON, March 16th.
A Paris correspondent says: "A general feeling prevails that the effort to terrorize only makes a deep political move which produces a deep political move."

The Court of Chancery has appointed a receiver for the banking firm of Murietta & Co., Limited. The liabilities are £4,300,000.
The brig *Guadalupe* has been wrecked on the Isle of Wight, and ten men were drowned.
The Cumberland and Lancashire men are anxious to resume work on Monday. The Yorkshire men want a fortnight's holiday, and the Durham men are determined not to submit to the masters.

PARIS, March 16th.
The excitement caused by the explosion at the Lobau Barracks yesterday continues. M. Louhat, Prime Minister, has ordered that the residence of all Anarchists be searched. Whenever arms, explosives or additional documents are found, the occupants of the place are to be arrested. The police to-day took out twenty search warrants, issued chiefly against foreign agitators, and a close search is being made of their residences and belongings. As a precautionary measure the Government has ordered that in addition to the regular guard a secret guard be placed at all the public buildings and military posts, and the guards at the Bank of France have been increased. The approach to the Palais d'Justice, where recruiting takes place to-day, are surrounded bygendarmes.
Several more prominent Anarchists were arrested this morning, but no papers of importance were discovered.

VIENNA, March 16th.
The Emperor has confirmed the sentence of death passed upon Franz Schneider, who decoyed servant girls to his home, in the suburbs of Vienna, and then, with the aid of his wife, Rosalie, contrived to murder them. The woman will be imprisoned for life.

A dispatch from Wladivostok, Galicia, states that a conflict occurred there to-day between Austrian and Russian soldiers, and two Russians were killed. The affair created the most intense excitement among the Russian frontier guards, though the result was from a drunken run.

EDINBURGH, March 16th.
William Smith, the Catholic Archbishop of Edinburgh, died to-day.

Appeals made to the Home Secretary to grant a reprieve in the case of Charles Rayner and Frederick Eggleston, poachers, condemned to death for the killing of Joseph Crawley and William Fuddphart, game-keepers on the Pilsdon estate, were of no avail, and consequently the men were hanged at Oxford at 8 o'clock this morning.

Oliver Heywood, a leading Manchester banker and philanthropist, died this morning.
The Warburton of Hamilton has telegraphed their clients abroad announcing their readiness to take up all of Gumburg's acceptances.

PARIS, March 17th.
Sixty Anarchist suspects were arrested by the police this morning in rue Arbrece. In the lodgings of an Anarchist named Cassez the police discovered a quantity of chemicals used in the manufacture of explosives.

VIENNA, March 17th.
The execution of Franz Schneider for the murder of servant girls took place early this morning. But little interest was taken in the affair. The approaches to the law courts in Landstrasse, where the execution took place, were strongly guarded, and but eighty spectators were permitted to view the execution. When Schneider approached the gallows, shortly after 7 o'clock, his strong frame trembled and his face grew ghastly pale. It was evident that his brain was under a great strain, and that he was agitated and full of the fate awaiting him. While being plucked at the gallows he struggled and shrieked "Oh, no! in God's name, I'll say anything." The noise was quickly thrown around his neck, and as he swung free two assistants grasped the hanging man by the arms and legs and pulled downward with all their strength. Schneider was strangled to death in four minutes. No cap was used, and every expression of change of color in the man's face was discernible. It was so horrible that the spectators were compelled to turn away. Rosalie Schneider, the wife of Franz, and a party in his crimes, is serving a sentence of life imprisonment.

BERLIN, March 17th.
The police have searched the lodgings of several Anarchists, seized inflammatory pamphlets, and arrested two of the leaders.

This morning a dynamite cartridge was discovered at the door of the residence of the President of the Court who sentenced three Anarchists recently for stealing dynamite. Fortunately the cartridge was found before an explosion occurred.

WARSAW, March 17th.
Extensive works, such as the construction of roads, railways and fortifications, have commenced in Russian Poland. One hundred and fifty thousand Poles are employed. The works will be completed in two months.

SYDNEY, N.S.W., March 17th.
Hon. G. R. Dibbs, Prime Minister of New South Wales, is ill.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 17th.
The latest estimates put the liabilities of Gumburg at 15,000,000 to 20,000,000 rubles. The assets are 15,000,000 rubles.

LONDON, March 18th.
A dispatch to the *Times* from Buenos Ayres says that the Government are taking every sanitary precaution to prevent an outbreak of yellow fever. A dispatch from Rio Janeiro states that during the last fortnight there were seventy-five deaths from yellow fever there. The crews of twenty-three steamers have been attacked by the disease.

The butcher shop of a man named Weston was burned this morning. His wife, two children and a servant in the apartments above were burned to death.

PARIS, March 18th.
The Government fears the communists will take advantage of the anarchistic disturbances to cause trouble on the anniversary of the fall of the Commune, May 27th. Special military and civic precautions have been taken to prevent it.

BRISBANE, March 18th.
The *Forster's Zeitung* says that General Koenig, the Governor of Warsaw, has resigned because he differed with General Gorko, the Russian commander-in-chief, in relation to the repressive measures which Gorko desired to take for keeping down the Polish agitators.

General Gorko advocated that it was should break out all the civilians should be expelled from the city, leaving the provisions to be devoted to the support of the military. "Let the devil pack die," he exclaimed. "Let them perish miserably; what care we?"

To this Koenig objected with the remark that before starving the people might endanger the army. Gorko answered: "I will level fifty cannon at Warsaw and then they will die quietly."

A frightful accident is reported from the river Rhine. The steam tug *Hector* was making a trial trip on the river and when she was about opposite Duisburg, in Rhinish Prussia, the boiler exploded, killing General Gorko, the Russian commander-in-chief, in relation to the repressive measures which Gorko desired to take for keeping down the Polish agitators.

General Gorko advocated that it was should break out all the civilians should be expelled from the city, leaving the provisions to be devoted to the support of the military. "Let the devil pack die," he exclaimed. "Let them perish miserably; what care we?"

To this Koenig objected with the remark that before starving the people might endanger the army. Gorko answered: "I will level fifty cannon at Warsaw and then they will die quietly."

A frightful accident is reported from the river Rhine. The steam tug *Hector* was making a trial trip on the river and when she was about opposite Duisburg, in Rhinish Prussia, the boiler exploded, killing General Gorko, the Russian commander-in-chief, in relation to the repressive measures which Gorko desired to take for keeping down the Polish agitators.

General Gorko advocated that it was should break out all the civilians should be expelled from the city, leaving the provisions to be devoted to the support of the military. "Let the devil pack die," he exclaimed. "Let them perish miserably; what care we?"

To this Koenig objected with the remark that before starving the people might endanger the army. Gorko answered: "I will level fifty cannon at Warsaw and then they will die quietly."

was wounded. The tugboat was blown to pieces and the wreck sank immediately.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 18th.
In consequence of communications from Paris that the nihilists are preparing to assassinate the Czar special precautions have been taken for the protection of the Imperial family.

By the collapse of a house under construction to-day thirteen workmen were killed by falling walls.

OSAKA, March 18th.
The Bank of Portugal will assist several banks, owing to whose weakness the financial crisis is due. The manager of the Bank of Commerce has left the city and his whereabouts are unknown.

BERNE, March 18th.
The first execution in Switzerland since 1868 took place to-day at Lucerne. The culprit was an Italian named Gatti who murdered Mlle. Degena, a teacher. He was executed by the guillotine.

BURENAS AYRES, March 18th.
There were received by the Government to-day forty-eight Krupp field pieces, with 5000 projectiles. It is expected that eight batteries of mountain guns will be received this month.

WINNIPEG, March 18th.
There was little change in the Canadian Pacific strike situation to-day. Passenger trains are moving, but freights are at a standstill.

LONDON, March 18th.
All the Liberal members from Scotland and many English members, including some Conservatives, approve the bill introduced in Parliament to-day for the creation of a Scottish legislative body. The bill will attract general attention owing to its similarity to the Irish question. The bill establishes in Scotland a Legislature consisting of the Queen and a Scotch legislative body to enact laws for Scotland, with the exception of matters relating to imperial administration. The Legislature is to be prohibited from establishing a religion, imposing disabilities or conferring privileges on such account.

The bills passed require the assent of the Queen only to become law. In questions of jurisdiction between the English and Scottish bodies the matter is to be referred to the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council. The executive government of Scotland is vested in the Queen and carried on by a Secretary for Scotland with officers and council as provided by the Legislature. The Legislature is authorized to impose taxes, other than customs or excise duties, and create a consolidated fund separate from that of the United Kingdom. All revenues are to be appropriated through the public service of Scotland. Scottish contributions toward the maintenance of imperial establishments shall be proportionate to those payable by England and Wales.

The second portion of the bill treats of the judicial government. It provides that the existing civil and criminal courts shall be maintained, subject, however, to abolition or alteration, and judges can be removed by the Legislature requesting the Queen to do so. The bill provides that the power and the authority of the Imperial Parliament shall not be diminished or restrained by anything herein contained. The present bill is worthy of comparison to Gladstone's first home rule bill.

It is understood that Dr. Pearson of Philadelphia, who officiated in Sprague's pulpit during the latter's final illness, will be invited by the trustees of the Metropolitan Tabernacle to fill the pulpit either permanently or for a term of five years.

The exciting news from Berlin is the general topic in political circles this evening. It concerns nothing less than the combined effort of the German kings and princes to bring Emperor William to reason, or at least to restrain his power.

It appears to be true that Chancellor Caprivi tendered his resignation to the young Emperor, who refused to accept it and who has even left Berlin in a fit of anger to escape taking a decision for some time to come.

The whole German nation is awakening to a realization of the Emperor's physical and mental infirmity, caused by his car trouble, and it has been actually stated that the Regent of Bavaria is summoning a private conference of the kings of Saxony and Wurttemberg and the Grand Duke of Gotha and Saxe-Weimar, as well as other leading princes of Germany, to consider how the Emperor can be restrained if his symptoms of irritability increase.

In fact, the Kaiser is in a delicate position, and the fact that there should be found people in Prussia to support the idea of such a conference shows how his popularity has waned. Unless he moderates his pretensions very seriously he may receive a lesson the like of which the modern world has not before seen.

PARIS, March 18th.
The Banque des Chemins de Fer et d'Industrie suspended to-day. One of the directors has committed suicide, two have absconded and one has been arrested. The bank speculated in French, Spanish and Russian securities. The liabilities amount to 24,000,000 francs and the assets to 5,000,000 francs. The failure had no effect on the Bourse.

The names assigned for the suicide and flight is that the authorities were about to institute legal proceedings against the directors of the bank on charges of fraudulent bankruptcy and obtaining money under false pretences. The bank dealt largely in the French national loan of 1891, and received subscriptions to the loan for upwards of 20,000,000 francs. It is alleged that instead of applying the money thus obtained to the purpose of the loan, the directors used the funds for other purposes, generally in industrial and mining speculations. The bank did considerable business, its dealings being spread over a large part of the country.

The operative impresario, Mapleson, is seriously ill with paralysis.

BERLIN, March 18th.
The contemplated Austrian currency agitation, the Bland Silver bill and the movement of the British bimetallicists have awakened interest in the silver question here. The report of the Reichs Bank for 1891 shows the total stock of coin held by that institution to be 83,700,000 marks. The amount of silver is estimated at 200,000,000 marks. Experts estimate the silver in Austria-Hungary at 420,000,000 marks.

Although President Koch of the Reichs Bank, with most of the financial leaders of Germany and Austria, now adheres to the gold standard, it is agreed that national interests would oblige them to take part in an international monetary conference if one were arranged by the United States and the other great countries. It is said that all Germany would assent to it if such a conference would be to increase the amount of her subsidiary silver coinage. The opinion here, including that of the few members of the Reichstag who adhere to bimetallicism, is that an international conference would be of doubtful value.

Dr. Kikudo, a Japanese scientist, for many years an assistant of Dr. Koch, the discoverer of the tetanus and diphtheria bacilli, will go to Tokyo shortly to establish an institute there similar to the Koch Institute.

Dispatches from St. Petersburg state that another important firm is in financial difficulty, but that powerful efforts will be made to prevent its suspension.

In the Criminal Court to-day eight persons convicted of stealing in the streets on February 24th were sentenced to imprisonment for from three months to three years.

VIENNA, March 18th.
A singular case usually attended the outside of an

artilleryman in the barracks to-day. The man shot himself with a rifle. The fatal bullet, after passing through the soldier's breast, ploughed the head of a second soldier, killing him, and then embedded itself in the arm of a third soldier, inflicting a serious injury.

VANCOUVER (B. C.), March 18th.
An incident that will probably result in a British man-of-war having to make a trip home occurred here to-day. The port being within easy access of United States soil, it has been the rule that every ironclad of old England that anchors here suffers from an epidemic of desertion. This has resulted in a standing reward being offered to any police officer who returns a deserter to the man-of-war.

To-day Chief of Police McLaren and Officer McLeod took five men on board who had been arrested for desertion. The potting of these men in iron cages enraged their messmates, who made an attack on the Chief of Police after the other officer had descended the ladder. The Chief defended himself, but a blow from a tall, well-built seaman flung him to the deck like a log. McLeod rushed up the ladder again to defend his Chief and was felled by a swabbing brush. The officers, with the assistance of marines, drove back the mutineers, who refused to listen to orders until forced to do so at the points of the bayonets of the marines.

After a determined struggle the mutineers were overcome and hauled. The case has no parallel in the history of the British squadron, and the local authorities, having waived the right of punishment to the captain of the *Daphne*, the mutineers will have to be sent home to England to put in "at least five years."

Both the police officers are seriously injured. It is reported that word has been sent to Esquimaux for a sister ship to come over to lay alongside in case of further trouble. It was feared that a general mutiny will follow, as the men will all have completed their term in May and are consequently reckless.

LONDON, March 20th.
A semi-official dispatch from St. Petersburg denies that there has been a fresh failure there or any embarrassment requiring Treasury help.

PARIS, March 20th.
It is learned that the bourse interest in the suspended Banque Generale des Chemins de Fer, et d'Industrie amounted to nothing. Its nominal capital was only 6,250,000 francs and its clients were investors on the smallest scale. The directors were men of no financial mark. It appears that Clemenceau, the President of the bank, who committed suicide, was an honest man, but was victimized by his colleagues in the directorate, several members of which have bad reputations.

It is now ascertained that the liabilities of Gumburg's branch bank here are not large. Mme. Clemenceau's divorce from her husband, the well-known Radical Deputy, is publicly announced.

The commercial treaty negotiations between France and Spain are about to be renewed.

NEW YORK, March 20th.
Rev. Dr. Thomas Dixon preached to-day on the riots in Berlin and elsewhere. Said he: "The secret of the trouble must lie deeper than mere politics, and there must be something radically rotten at the heart of civilization. Should not men of wealth read in these signs a new and deep obligation laid upon them to rescue and save society? Can we feast, dance and banquet while our brethren starve? No man has the right to do what he pleases with what he possesses. He only has the right to do what he ought to do."

LONDON, March 20th.
The Minister of Finance has signed a scheme for the settlement of the Portuguese debt. The plan includes a reduction of interest by 10 per cent, the raising of a loan of £20,000,000, redeemable in fifteen years, and an assignment of the customs revenue to the service of the debt.

BRUSSELS, March 20th.
Police to-day made a further number of anarchist documents. It is reported that the recent mine explosion at Andreens was the work of a spiteful miner. At Liege to-day an infernal machine was discovered on the threshold of the residence of the Chief of Police.

LONDON, March 21st.
Arthur Goring Thomas, a well-known writer of operas, committed suicide to-day by throwing himself before a train on the Metropolitan Railway.

The composer was returning from a visit to his brother at the time of his death. He either fell or threw himself on the track. A bystander clutched his coat, but was obliged to let go to save himself.

Thomas received fatal injuries and expired immediately. He had long suffered from dizziness, which several times led to accidents. For this reason an impression prevails in some quarters that he did not commit suicide.

Key, Henry Powell of B. & W. & W. committed suicide last night at Farnborough, near Bournemouth. No reason is known for the act.

The *Standard's* Warsaw correspondent says: The Russian troops at Kalish have been ordered to leave all the arms and accoutrements in readiness and dynamite bombs and electrical batteries in good order, so that within half an hour after notice they may cross the frontier and destroy Prussian communications.

ROME, March 21st.
Imbriani attacked the foreign policy of the Government in the *Deputati* to-day. He declared that under the present policy Italy could not obtain indemnities for the Italian sufferers by the Chilean war nor for the families of the victims of New Orleans massacre.

WASHINGTON, March 21st.
A note of rather surprising tenor has been prepared by Tui Kwo Yin, the Chinese Minister, and will soon be forwarded to the Secretary of State. The exact terms of the letter have not been made public, but it is sufficiently well known that it contains the request of the Chinese Minister for the various communications transmitted by the Chinese Minister with regard to the restriction of Chinese immigration to the United States. The note is understood to be brief and very much to the point, expressing dissatisfaction at the delay of the State Department in responding to the Chinese Government.

BRISBANE, March 21st.
Bismarck is suffering from sudden illness. It was his intention, it is reported, to proceed to Ratisburg to-morrow to attend a meeting of the District Assembly, but illness compelled the abandonment of his visit.

Dr. Schweneberger has arrived at Nervi, near Genoa, Italy, to investigate the suitability of the town as a temporary resting-place for Prince Bismarck.

VICTORIA (B. C.), March 21st.
No doubt the British Government intends to be prepared for the return of the *Behring* sea mailer. To this end the programme previously arranged for the Pacific squadron has been materially altered. The *Dolphin*, which was to go out of commission in April, will be retained in the service; the *Warrilla*, instead of going to Honolulu, comes to Esquimaux; the *Malpensa* is expected here daily, and also the *Champion*.

London authorities have called to Admiral Fothelby all previous arrangements as to the Pacific campaign. When the Admiral arrives here next week he will be in possession of instructions regarding the new phase of the *Behring* sea question. Details of information on this point is anxiously looked for.

THE "WILD-CAT" COLUMN.

The *Sydney Bulletin* publishes a column under the above heading. Here are a few choice extracts, some of which might with excellent reason be applied to Hongkong:

"We have been asked advice concerning several mines at Pambula. Now, what would you say to your friends if you saw 'em quietly sitting in a house which was on fire?"

"The true mining tipster tips himself; the false one, depend upon it, is himself tipped."

Beware of the kerstone mining vampires you can fall across any day in Pitt-street, Sydney, between Bridge and King streets. They tell you neither do they spin, but have hitherto fattened on the grass-like greenness of the ordinary N.S.W. mining investor. Their stock-in-trade usually consists in a few pocket-worn specimens, which are the last thing they part with, and which have done duty for many miles.

The man, too, who represents that the presence of water, or the absence of air in a mine, caused the original owners to leave treasures behind them, should be headed off. No miner ever turned his back on a proved gold claim since the world began.

Turn a deaf ear to the man who tries to make you believe that the value of a mine is gauged by a trial crushing which he has made of a ton of ore.

Be not wheedled into a syndicate, under the bliffling idea that you are "the first robber." We have found that instead of being "the first robber," we were the first robbed.

Nevertheless, bear well in mind that all mining is a gamble and that as long as Nature gambles with her earth treasures, man will gamble with human nature. To talk of making mining merely an investment is to talk nonsense. To make horse-racing an investment would be comparatively easy.

Where gambling is a necessary evil, the line where honesty ends and dishonesty begins will never be defined. To give quite a small nut to crack—would the man be honest or dishonest who, finding a rich reef on another's property, made all arrangements for working same etc. revealing his discovery to the owner?

A startling fact. A man recently travelled in a train all the way from Adelaide to Broken Hill without meeting one single person who disclosed the price at which he was once offered a fourteenth share in the Proprietary mine!

Next to the salter—the man who puts gold into a mine—the mine-tips, the man who takes the gold out of it, is worst, and most difficult to deal. To lay wait for him in a room, to see him go into a rich stop, to shoot him when he came out, would only end in an action by you for trespass or by him for injury, unless he at that moment had specimens in his possession.

It is as gratifying as it is extraordinary to hear that the men in Melbourne who more than once successfully cornered the Bear Hill stock are themselves in the financial mud. It is Vickers's only consolation!

Distance lends enchantment to a gold-mine. To make money easily out of a real "duffer," let it be away in the back country beyond any railroad or coaching town; if there is not even a telegraph within a hundred miles so much the better. Better still if it is an absolutely new discovery with no old mines around. Under these circumstances the local inhabitants, if there are any, will by their ignorance innocently confirm any statements. The man who runs a paper in the town one hundred miles away will accept everything as gospel and declare that that town being in command of the traffic will bulge out, get a railway, and otherwise become a great centre owing to the discovery. The gleam of the local papers will be flashed to Sydney, and the gist of that will appear in the metropolitan journals, for is he not the correspondent of all of them? Only those who are "in it" will undertake the journey in the early stage of the boom. By and by, when the burst comes, an investor will go up to see the mine. He finds that the original owners have vanished, the employees are all drunk at the local pub, and that the small shoot of gold on which the boom was built has been taken right out—probably on a shovel.

How to GAIN FRESH AND STRENGTH.—Take after each meal about a tablespoonful of Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil with Hyphosphorus. It is as pleasant as milk and easily assimilated. The rapidity with which delicate children and sickly people suffering from weakness and wasting disease improve, and thrive upon this diet is truly marvellous. As a remedy for Consumption and Throat Affections and Bronchitis it is unequalled by any other preparation in the world. Any Chemist can supply it. A. S. Watson & Co. (Limited), Agents in Hongkong and China.—*Advt.*

To-day's Advertisements.
DILIGENTIA LODGE OF INSTRUCTION.

A MEETING of the above LODGE will be held in FREEMASON'S HALL, Zealand Street, TO-DAY, the 21st inst., at 5 for 5.30 p.m. precisely. Visiting Brethren are cordially invited. Hongkong, 21st April, 1892. [433]

NOTICE.
THE PUNJON AND SUNGHEE DUA SAMANTAN MINING COMPANY, (LIMITED).

THE Sixth Ordinary HALF-YEARLY MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS in the above Company will be held at the Company's Office, Corner of Queen's Road, TO-MORROW, the 22nd April, at Noon, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors, together with a Statement of Account to 30th September, 1891.

Immediately after the General Meeting, a PRIVATE MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS will be held for the purpose of considering a Proposal made by Mr. BUCHER, with regard to the working of JALIS MINE.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from the 21st to the 22nd inst., both days inclusive.

A. O. GOURDIN, Secretary. Hongkong, 21st April, 1892. [434]

To-day's Advertisements.
DILIGENTIA LODGE OF INSTRUCTION.

A MEETING of the above LODGE will be held in FREEMASON'S HALL, Zealand Street, TO-DAY, the 21st inst., at 5 for 5.30 p.m. precisely. Visiting Brethren are cordially invited. Hongkong, 21st April, 1892. [433]

NOTICE.
THE PUNJON AND SUNGHEE DUA SAMANTAN MINING COMPANY, (LIMITED).

THE Sixth Ordinary HALF-YEARLY MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS in the above Company will be held at the Company's Office, Corner of Queen's Road, TO-MORROW, the 22nd April, at Noon, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors, together with a Statement of Account to 30th September, 1891.

Immediately after the General Meeting, a PRIVATE MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS will be held for the purpose of considering a Proposal made by Mr. BUCHER, with regard to the working of JALIS MINE.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from the 21st to the 22nd inst., both days inclusive.

A. O. GOURDIN, Secretary. Hongkong, 21st April, 1892. [434]

To-day's Advertisements.
DILIGENTIA LODGE OF INSTRUCTION.

A MEETING of the above LODGE will be held in FREEMASON'S HALL, Zealand Street, TO-DAY, the 21st inst., at 5 for 5.30 p.m. precisely. Visiting Brethren are cordially invited. Hongkong, 21st April, 1892. [433]

NOTICE.
THE PUNJON AND SUNGHEE DUA SAMANTAN MINING COMPANY, (LIMITED).

THE Sixth Ordinary HALF-YEARLY MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS in the above Company will be held at the Company's Office, Corner of Queen's Road, TO-MORROW, the 22nd April, at Noon, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors, together with a Statement of Account to 30th September, 1891.

Immediately after the General Meeting, a PRIVATE MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS will be held for the purpose of considering a Proposal made by Mr. BUCHER, with regard to the working of JALIS MINE.

To-day's Advertisements.

NOTICE.
Treasury, Hongkong, 8th April 1892. [440]

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LTD. ED.

FOR SWATOW, AMOY & TAIWANFOO. THE Company's Steamship

"THALES," Captain Lewis, will be despatched for the above Ports, on SUNDAY, the 23rd inst., at Daylight.

For Freight or Passage, apply to DOUGLAS LAFFRAK & Co., General Managers. Hongkong, 21st April, 1892. [452]

PEAK HOTEL.
THIS commodious and well appointed HOTEL has been leased by the Proprietors of the "VICTORIA HOTEL," and will be opened on the 1st of May next, and run in conjunction with the HOTEL in Queen's Road, thus enabling them to offer special inducements to Visitors and Residents.

The HOTEL has been thoroughly renovated, redecorated and refurnished. A new and handsome BAR has been opened on the basement, while a new BAR and BILLIARD-ROOM have been erected on the main floor.

A GRILL ROOM has been opened where Chops, Steaks, etc., can be served at any hour. For full particulars as to rates, etc., apply to "VICTORIA HOTEL," DORABEE & HINGKEE, Leasers. Hongkong, 21st April, 1892. [450]

THE BOXING TOURNAMENT
(PROMOTED BY MR. CHAS. T. ROBINSON), will take place at the KOWLOON HOTEL, on TUESDAY, April 26th, 1892.

TWO BOXING COMPETITIONS, (Under The Amateur Boxing Association Rules) for (a) Heavy or Catch Weights, (b) Light-weights (not over under).

A SILENT SILVER CUP for the Winner of each competition and GOLD MEDALS for the runners up; also prizes for beaten men in First and Second bouts.

PROGRAMME. PART I. First bouts: Three rounds of three minutes: (1) Heavy-weights. (2) Light-weights. (3) Heavy-weights. (4) Light-weights. (5) Heavy-weights.

Second bouts: Three rounds of three minutes: (1) Heavy-weights. (2) Heavy-weights (a bye).

Final bouts: Four rounds of three minutes: (1) Light-weights. (2) Heavy-weights.

A limited number of tickets at Two DOLLARS each may be obtained at Messrs. Kelly and Walsh, Ltd., where the Prices are now on view.

Doors open at 8.30 p.m., to commence at 9 sharp. The Ferry launches will run until 12.15 a.m. Hongkong, 21st April, 1892. [448]

PUBLIC AUCTION.
THE Undersigned has received instructions to Sell by Public Auction, on THURSDAY, the 28th of April, 1892, at 2.30 P.M., at the Residence of Control G. COATES, No. 5, Queen's Garden, THE WHOLE OF HIS ELEGANT MARBURE-MADE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c., &c.

Comprising:—VELVET COVERED DRAWING-ROOM SUITE, CH

